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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Prod	luct name	: Quaker State	Advanced Durability SAE 10W-30 Motor Oil
Prod	luct code	: 001D7550	
Man	ufacturer or supplier	's details	
Man	ufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Pro PO Box 4427 Houston TX USA	
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 877-276- :	7285
Emergency telephone nu Spill Information Health Information)
	ommended use of the ommended use	e chemical and restr : Engine oil.	ictions on use
SECTION	1 2. HAZARDS IDENT	IFICATION	
	classification in acc ed on available data th		R 1910.1200 does not meet the classification criteria.
	label elements		
Haza	ard pictograms	: No Hazard Syr	nbol required
Sign	al word	: No signal wor	d
Haza	ard statements	: PHYSICAL H	AZARDS:

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases.
	Response: No precautionary phrases.
	Storage: No precautionary phrases.
	Disposal:

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No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

2

Chemical nature

Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

Hazardous	compone	nts

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Polyolefin polyamine succinimide polyol **		Not Assigned	< 3
Alkaryl amine	bis(nonylphenyl)amine	36878-20-3	< 3
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		Not Assigned	0 - 90

** polymer exempt.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

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	important symptoms effects, both acute and red	:	of black pustules	s signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. sult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders		:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
media	ation of any immediate cal attention and special nent needed	:	Treat symptomati	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions		Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediatel Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, ear or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or o suitable material and dispose of properly. 	
Additi	onal advice	see Chapter 8	on selection of personal protective equipment of this Safety Data Sheet. on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of a Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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			drinking, and/o protective equi	after handling the material and before eating, r smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	oment		
Resp	viratory protection	:	conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering of tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	protection is ordinarily required under normal se. with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. piratory protective equipment suppliers. ing respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand	protection			
R	emarks		gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemin gloves Suitabil usage, e.g. free sistance of glov glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must of gloves, hands cation of a non For continuous through time of 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be ava time maybe ac and replaceme a good predictor dependent on Glove thickness	antact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ity and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from a. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. The is a key element of effective hand care. Inly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. To contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For the protection we recommend the same, but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance on of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye ı	protection	:		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, vear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	:	Skin protection work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard

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			It is good practice	to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ective measures	:		ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom- standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Ther	mal hazards	:	Not applicable	
Envi	ronmental exposure co	ntro	ls	
Gen	eral advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour. 		
SECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND CH	EMI		S
Арре	Appearance		Liquid at room te	mperature.
Colo	ur	:	: amber	
Odo	ur	:	Slight hydrocarbo	on
Odo	ur Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e
рН		:	Not applicable	
pour	point	:	-48 °C / -54 °F Method: ASTM D	097
Initia rang	l boiling point and boiling e	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(
Flas	h point	:	209 °C / 408 °F	
			Method: ASTM D	093 (PMCC)
Evap	poration rate	:	: Data not available	
Flam	nmability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e
	er explosion limit / upper mability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
	er explosion limit / Lower mability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	

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				estimated value(s)	
Re	elative v	apour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)	
Re	elative c	lensity	:	0.8685 (15 °C / 5	59 °F)	
De	ensity		:	: 868.5 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052		
So	lubility(Water	ies) solubility	:	negligible		
	Solubi	ity in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e	
	rtition c tanol/w	coefficient: n- ater	:	0	ation on similar products)	
Au	ıto-ignit	ion temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=	
De	ecompo	sition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e	
Vis	scosity Viscos	ity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Viscos	ity, kinematic	:	72.38 mm2/s (40	0.0 °C / 104.0 °F)	
				Method: ASTM D	0445	
				10.75 mm2/s (10	0 °C / 212 °F)	
				Method: ASTM D	0445	
Ex	plosive	properties	:	Not classified		
Ox	kidizing	properties	:	Data not availabl	e	
Co	onductiv	ity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

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	Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising a	gents.			
	Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.				
SEC	TION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL	RMATION				
	Basis for assessment	the toxicology of si the data presented	s based on data on the components and milar products.Unless indicated otherwise, is representative of the product as a for individual component(s).			
	Information on likely routes of exposure Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur followin accidental ingestion.					
	Acute toxicity					
	Product:					
	Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 Remarks: Low toxi Based on available				
	Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
	Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5 Remarks: Low toxi Based on available				

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

÷

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).	
Ecotoxicity			
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

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Persis	tence and degradabil	ity		
		:	Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contair components that may persist in the environment.	
Bioaco	cumulative potential			
		:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mobili	ty in soil			
Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
Mobilit	у	:		under most environmental conditions. will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other	adverse effects			
Produ	<u>ct:</u>			
	-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu be released to air	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
			Mineral oil does r	not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.
	Produc Biodeg Bioacc Produc Bioacc Mobility Mobility Other Additio	10/02/2018	10/02/2018 80 Persistence and degradability Product: Biodegradability Bioaccumulative potential Product: Bioaccumulation Mobility in soil Product: Mobility Itip	10/02/2018800001003789Persistence and degradabilityRemarks: Not real Major constituent components thatBiodegradability:Remarks: Not real Major constituent components thatBioaccumulative potentialProduct: Bioaccumulation:Bioaccumulation:Remarks: Contain cumulate.Mobility in soilProduct: If it enters soil, it of mobile.:Product: Mobility:Remarks: Liquid of If it enters soil, it of mobile.Other adverse effectsProduct: If it enters soil, it of mobile.Product: Additional ecological infor- mation:Does not have oz ozone creation po Product is a mixtu be released to air conditions of use.Poorly soluble mi Causes physical fill Mineral oil does mission:

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

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Contaminated packaging		: C	Dispose in accor	sed product is dangerous waste. dance with prevailing regulations, preferably
		to a recognized collector or contractor. The compet the collector or contractor should be established be Disposal should be in accordance with applicable re national, and local laws and regulations.		ontractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional,
Local le Remark	egislation			be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : No SARA Hazards

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SARA	A 313		omponents are subject to r \RA Title III, Section 313:	reporting levels es-
		Zinc dialkyldithi phate	ophos- 4259-15-8	>= 0.1 - < 1 %
		Zinc dialkyldithi phate	ophos- 68784-31-6	>= 0.1 - < 1 %

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	4259-15-8
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	68784-31-6
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

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OSHA		 USA. Occupation its for Air Contact 8-hour, time-way 8-hour time way The standard ment can be low 	Threshold Limit Values (TLV) cional Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- caminants reighted average eighted average abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- poked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific nd/or websites.
		Hygienists ADR = Europe Carriage of Da AICS = Austra ASTM = Amer BEL = Biologid BTEX = Benz CAS = Chemid CEFIC = Euro CLP = Classifi COC = Clevel DIN = Deutsch DMEL = Deriv DNEL = Deriv DNEL = Deriv DNEL = Canada EC = Europea EC50 = Effect ECETOC = Eu gy Of Chemica ECHA = Europ EINECS = The Chemical Sub EL50 = Effecti ENCS = Japan Inventory EWC = Europ GHS = Global Labelling of Cl IARC = Interna IC50 = Inhibito IMDG = Interna IC50 = Lethal LD50 = Lethal LL/EL/IL = Let	bean Chemicals Agency e European Inventory of Existing Commercial stances ve Loading fifty hese Existing and New Chemical Substances ean Waste Code ly Harmonised System of Classification and hemicals ational Agency for Research on Cancer ational Air Transport Association bry Concentration fifty ry Level fifty ational Maritime Dangerous Goods e Chemicals Inventory ute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty ternational Convention for the Prevention of

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		served Effect Lew OE_HPV = Occu PBT = Persistent PICCS = Philippin Substances PNEC = Predicte REACH = Registr Chemicals RID = Regulation gerous Goods by SKIN_DES = Skin STEL = Short tern TRA = Targeted I TSCA = US Toxic TWA = Time-Wei	pational Exposure - High Production Volume Bioaccumulative and Toxic ne Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical d No Effect Concentration ration Evaluation And Authorisation Of s Relating to International Carriage of Dan- Rail n Designation m exposure limit Risk Assessment c Substances Control Act

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	10/02/2018

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